

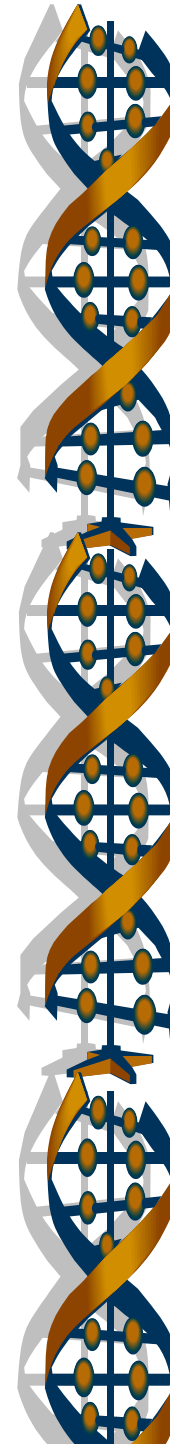
Based on biomarkers discovered at the



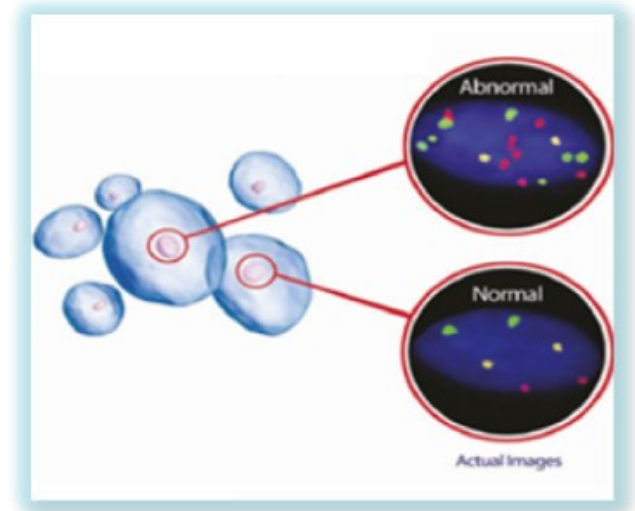
SunCoast Pathology Associates

3030 Venture Lane
Suite 108
Melbourne, Florida 32934

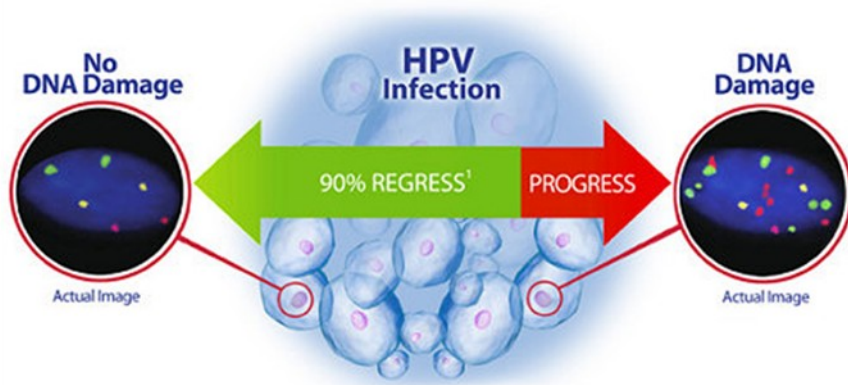
Phone: 321-253-5197
Fax: 321-253-5199
E-mail: suncpath@gmail.com



CERVI-GEN-DTEST™
Personalized genomic testing for cervical cancer



SunCoast Pathology Associates
3030 Venture Lane, Ste 108
Melbourne, FL 32934
Phone: 321 253-5197



The Positive Predictive Value of the **CERVI-GEN-DTEST™** is >95%

What causes cervical cancer?

- Cervical cancer is caused by DNA damage to cervical cells as a result of an HPV infection. Most HPV infections never cause DNA damage. However, you do need to know if your HPV has caused DNA damage. The CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ test is based on biomarkers discovered at the National Cancer Institute and tells you if your HPV infection has caused DNA damage to your cervical cells.

What tests can my doctor order to see if I have HPV?

- Your physician will likely perform a Pap test and an HPV test.

How do I know if I am at risk for cervical cancer?

- You are at risk for cervical cancer if:
 - Your Pap test is abnormal or
 - Your HPV test is positive

Why do I need another test?

- Your Pap test may be abnormal for many different reasons that unrelated to cervical cancer.
- A positive HPV test occurs in 8 out of 10 women by age of 50 but only a small number are expected to progress to cervical cancer.

What is CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ ?

- The CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ is a new test that examines the DNA inside the cervical cells for damage. DNA damage can lead to cervical cancer if left untreated.
- The test can be preformed on either a Pap sample or a biopsy your physician will obtain.

What will the CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ results tell me?

- A positive CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ means DNA damage has occurred to your cervical cells.
- A negative CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ means NO DNA damage has occurred to your cervical cells.

What benefit is this information to my doctor?

- Your doctor will develop a personal care plan based on the CERVI-GEN-DTEST™ as well as the other clinical and diagnostic information available.